

You are viewing sample pages from our textbook:

MicroStation 10 Connect Training Manual 2D Level 1

Nine pages of Module 11 are shown below. The pages are typical for all Modules - they provide the Module title and set out the learning objectives. The suggested time for completion of the Module is given at the end of Page 11-2.

Please note the “Tool Tip” box on page 19; these are located throughout the Manual to emphasize a technique or to add specific points of information.

If you require more information about the contents of this book, follow the Table of Contents link on this page:

<https://www.micro-press.com/microstation>

or go to our Home Page at:

<https://www.micro-press.com>

or contact us by E-mail at:

info@micro-press.com

MICROSTATION CONNECT 2D LEVEL 1

Module 11

SMARTLINE



24 Pimlico Drive
Dundas Ontario Canada
L9H 6J5
Phone 905-628-8237

All rights reserved. Not parts of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recorded, or otherwise, without prior permission of the author.

The author and publisher have taken care to ensure the accuracy of the information presented in this book, but make no expressed or implied warranty of any kind, or assume any responsibility for errors or omissions. No liability is assumed for incidental or consequential damages in connection with, or arising from, the use of the information contained herein.

MicroStation is a registered trademark of Bentley Systems, Incorporated. MS-DOS and Windows are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

Module Information

Prerequisites:

Module 10 MicroStation - 2D

Introduction:

SmartLine, designed for use with AccuDraw, automatically draws *complex chains* and *shapes*. A complex chain (also called a *line string*) is a *connected* series of line segments that *act* as one line, while a shape also consists of connected line segments but which *return to the starting vertex* to form a *closed* shape.

SmartLine has options that connect or disconnect the line segments, draws lines or arcs in the same line string, and sharp, rounded, or chamfered vertices. You will typically use SmartLine when you need closed shapes (as for patterning), where it is advantageous to draw a connected line that contains arcs or chamfers (as for sidewalks or piping), or where a simple connected line string is needed.

Objective(s):

- 11.1 Recognize and adjust setting for SmartLine.
- 11.2 Recognize and apply sharp, rounded, and chamfered vertexes to closed shapes.
- 11.3 Recognize and apply dimensional, angle, and closed shape options.
- 11.4 Apply vertex types to line strings.
- 11.5 Recognize and apply arc segments to line strings and shapes.
- 11.6 Recognize and apply individual arc segments.

Time:

This Module should be completed within 1.75 hours.

DISCUSSION:

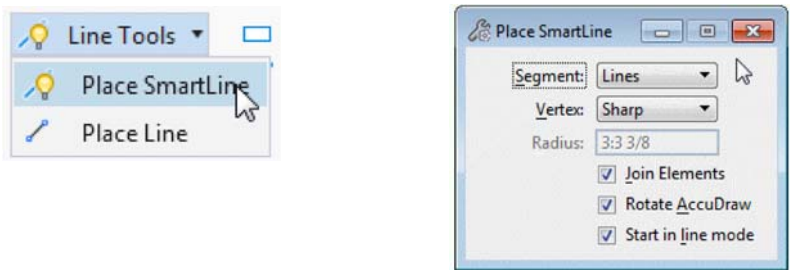
Open your *Start-E* or *Start-M* drawing.

It is often extremely advantageous to draw a series of line segments that act together as a single line. In other words, a series of lines that are “grouped” into a *line string* or a *shape* and which can be *edited as one line*. It is also very useful to be able to draw a line string or shape that contains *arcs* and *rounded* or *chamfered vertices* and not have to change drawing tools to do so. It is, of course, entirely possible to draw these elements using a combination of lines, arcs, and blocks, and then use various editing tools to create the arcs and chamfers. SmartLine is designed to avoid this line and shape building process by drawing such elements in one operation.

First, let’s look at SmartLine’s settings box:

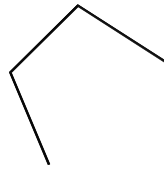
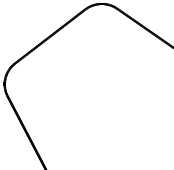
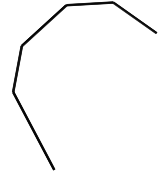
11.1 SETTING SMARTLINE OPTIONS

To open the settings box for SmartLine, simply start the SmartLine tool. Click on the *SmartLine* icon in the *Line Tools* tool box.



The *Tools Setting* box now shows the SmartLine options. Click on each option as they are described below:

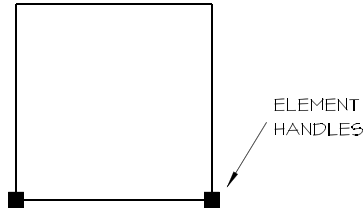
Tool Setting	Action	Examples
Segment Type:		
Line	Draws line segments.	
Arc	Draws arc segments.	
	Line and arc segments can be combined to draw a complex chain.	

Tool Setting	Action	Examples
Vertex Type:		
Sharp	Draws sharp corners.	
Rounded	Draws rounded corners to the radius set in the “Rounding Radius” box.	
Chamfered	Draws chamfered corners with the chamfer offset dimension set in the “Chamfer Offset” box.	
Join Elements	When <i>ON</i> , line segments are joined. When <i>OFF</i> , line segments are placed as individual elements (but can still be defined as a string for some editing operations).	
SmartLine Placement Settings:		
Rotate AccuDraw	By default, AccuDraw’s compass will rotate to line up with each segment when placed. When this switch is OFF, the compass remains aligned with the view axes.	
Start in line mode	When OFF, SmartLine will start in the mode last used.	

Note: *AccuSnap* is designed to work closely with *SmartLines* and you will find that it will locate more tentative points on SmartLines than on regular lines, reducing the need to manually tentative-point.

11.2 DRAWING WITH SMARTLINE - VERTEX TYPES

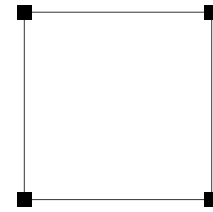
Initially, drawing with SmartLine seems very similar to drawing with the *Place Line* tool. The differences occur when you use the options for vertex types. To get a general idea of how the tool works, start with some simple *shapes* and draw the following squares with *SmartLine* and *AccuDraw* active. In each case, draw the first side 1'-0" (300) long make use of the *distance recall* feature of AccuDraw to quickly draw the other three sides.



Unconnected Elements

- Step 1** Select *Lines* and *Sharp*, with *Join Elements OFF*.
- Step 2** *Data-point* to start the shape.
- Step 3** *Data-point* each corner using *distance recall*.
- Step 4** *Snap* to the starting point.
- Step 5** *Reset* to stop SmartLine's action.

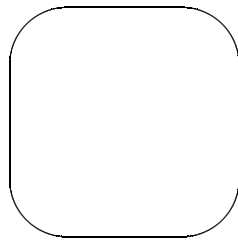
Each element in the square is a separate entity. To prove this, click on each side with the *Element Selection* tool and note that the element handles only appear on one line.



Connected Elements

- Step 1** Select *Lines*, *Sharp*, with *Join Elements ON*.
- Step 2** *Data-point* to start the shape.
- Step 3** *Data-point* each corner using *distance recall*.
- Step 4** *Snap* to the starting point. Be sure that the *Closed Element* option is *ON* before you accept the tentative point.
- Step 5** *Reset* to stop SmartLine's action.

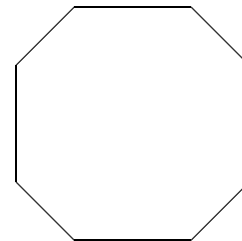
The square is a single element and a *closed shape*. Click on any side with the *Element Selection* tool and note that the element handles appear on all sides.



Rounded Corners

- Step 1** Select *Lines*, *Rounded*, and *Join Elements*. Set the *Rounded value* to 3" (75)
- Step 2** *Data-point* to start the shape.
- Step 3** *Data-point* each corner using *distance recall*.
- Step 4** *Snap* to the starting point.
- Step 5** *Reset* to stop SmartLine's action.

SmartLine automatically rounds each corner, including the starting corner.



Chamfered Corners

- Step 1** Select *Lines*, *Chamfered*, and *Join Elements*. Accept the *Chamfer value* of 3" (75).
- Step 2** *Data-point* to start the shape.
- Step 3** *Data-point* each corner using *distance recall*.
- Step 4** *Snap* to the starting point.
- Step 5** *Reset* to stop SmartLine's action.

SmartLine automatically chamfers each corner, including the starting corner.

Note that a vertex will default to a sharp corner if the rounding or chamfer value is too large for the line segment under construction.

11.3 SMARTLINE'S OPTIONS

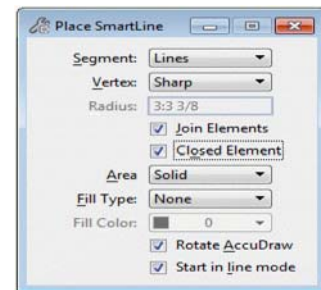
Now let's look at the options that are available *during* the drawing of a SmartLine shape when the *join elements* switch is *ON*.

SETTINGS BOX OPTIONS - CLOSED SHAPES

You have already seen two of these in the extra part of the settings box that appeared when you Data-pointed or snapped to the *starting point*. To see these again set *Vertex* to *Sharp*, *Join Element* *ON*, and start drawing another square. When you return to the starting point, locate a *tentative point* at the vertex but *do not* Data-point to accept the point. You can now see the additional options that are available at this part of the drawing process.

There are three options:

1. If *Join Elements* is *ON*, you can choose to *close* the shape by checking the *Closed Element* check box.
2. You can change the *Area* type for the shape. The default is *Solid* and you should not change this setting.
3. You can *Fill* (use the *Opaque* fill type) or *Outline* the shape with a color. This will apply a color to the entire inside of the shape which is the same as the element color. Feel free to play with this option, but remember to reset this option back to *None* when you are finished. We will look at *Fill* in more detail in Module 12. To *see* the fill color, turn *Fill* *ON* in the *View Attributes* box.



When you have set the options, *Data-point* to *accept* the *snap location* and apply the settings.

Since they are joined, if you now use the Element Selection tool to select and drag the lines, you will find that all the lines are moved as one.

“ON-THE-FLY” OPTIONS

As with most MicroStation tools, you can change the tool's options *on-the-fly*. In SmartLine's case this means switching between *lines* and *arcs*, changing the *type* and *size* of the *corner options*, or switching from *joined* elements to *separate* line segments.

To change the options during a drawing process you simply move your pointer to SmartLine's settings box and make the changes. **Please note though, that when you change a rounding or chamfer size value, you must press *Enter* to apply the new value.**

Also, you might find it necessary to *regain focus* in *AccuDraw's* window after entering a new value in the Tool Settings box. If this is the case, you should press the *F11* or *click* in *AccuDraw's* window.

Seems confusing? The key to creating a sharp, rounded, or chamfered corner is that a vertex will not be “locked-in” *until the next vertex is placed*. This gives you the feeling that you always seem to be one corner “behind” in the drawing process. This is true, but the process allows you to change the options before actually accepting the vertex.

Three additional important points:

1. If you make a mistake in either the vertex or the segment length, you can use *Control-Z* to *undo previous segments*. You can only do this *during* the drawing process, of course. If you use *Control-Z* *after* the shape is finished you will simply delete the whole shape.
2. If you turn *Join Elements* off *before* or *during* the drawing process then the final vertex (at the starting point) will default to a *sharp vertex*, and the shape will consist of individual elements.
3. Keep in mind that, in a continuing line string, you can *only change* the *type* or *size* of a vertex *after accepting* its location.

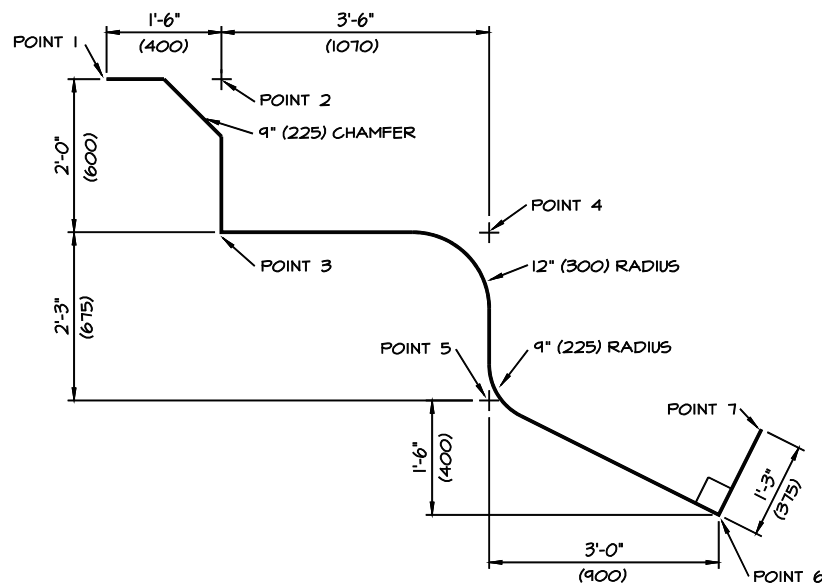
TOOL TIP !

Use *Undo* (Ctrl-Z) to undo a segment *without stopping* the SmartLine tool.

11.4 DRAWING LINE STRINGS - VERTEX TYPES

You can apply the vertex options to line strings as well as shapes. The same rules apply regarding “locking-in” the *previous* vertex. A line string is “open,” of course, and only needs a *Data-point* and *Reset* to finish the line.

Try the following exercise. I have simplified the steps assuming you can use AccuDraw to enter all dimensions and can switch options in *SmartLine*’s settings window without prompting.



- Step 1** Set *Vertex* to a *Chamfer* of 9" (225) with *Join Elements* on.
- Step 2** *Data-point* the line start at *Point 1*.
- Step 3** *Data-point* at *Point 2*.
- Step 4** *Data-point* at *Point 3*.
- Step 5** Set vertex to *sharp*.
- Step 6** *Data-point* at *Point 4*.
- Step 7** Set vertex to *rounded* and a 12" (300) radius.
- Step 8** *Data-point* at *Point 5*.
- Step 9** Change the rounding *radius* to 9" (225).
- Step 10** *F11* to focus in *AccuDraw* (if needed).
- Step 11** *Data-point* at *Point 6*.
- Step 12** Change the vertex to *sharp*.
- Step 13** *Data-point* at *Point 7*.
- Step 14** *Reset* to stop the tool.

This is relatively complex line to draw, but the combination of *AccuDraw* and *SmartLine* makes the job quite easy provided you take a little time to think ahead throughout the drawing process. To draw this line string without *AccuDraw* and *SmartLine* would involve the use of several drawing and editing tools.